

Medical Data Over Sound - HealthTalk Concept

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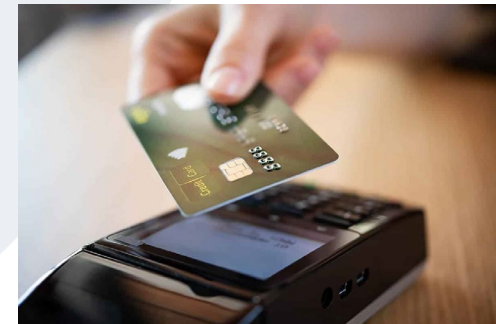
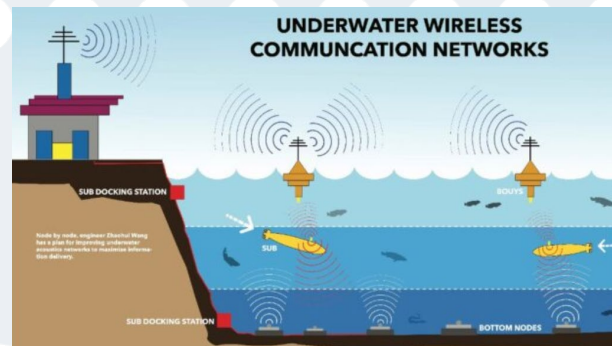


Problem definition

- **Medical Data over Sound (MDoS), HealthTalk (HT) Proof of Concept.**
- Can we transmit medical signals via air?
- If we can, how to do it in the most efficient way by applying state of the art technologies?
- What are the advantages of such a solution?

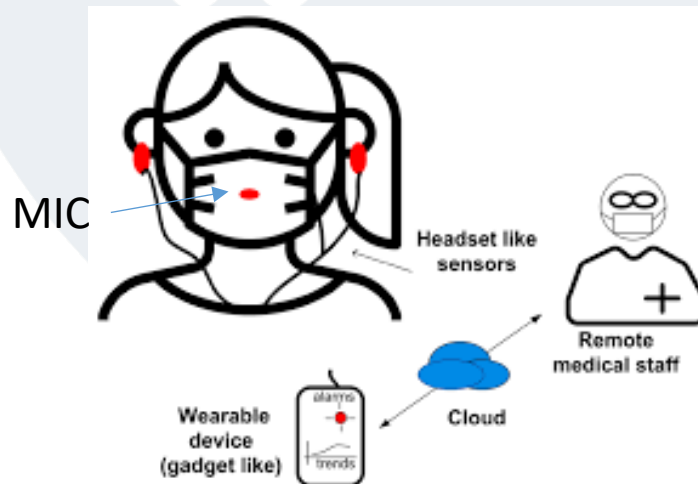
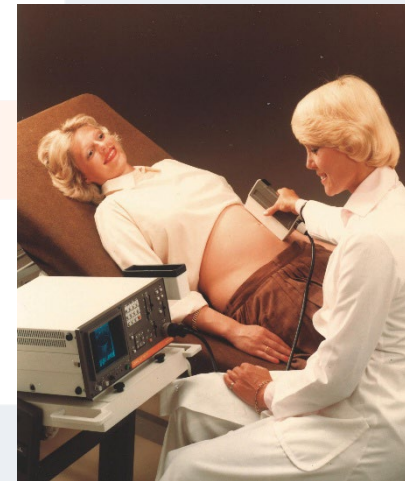
State of the art

- Since the existence of civilization, information has been transmitted via sound.
- Through the ages in different ways.
- Language emerged as a revolutionary means of transmitting knowledge, emotion, and culture.

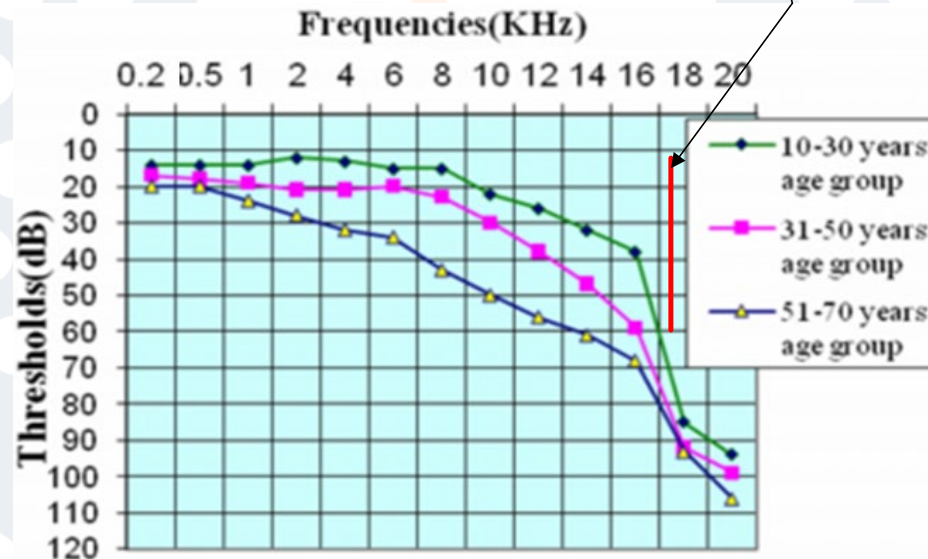
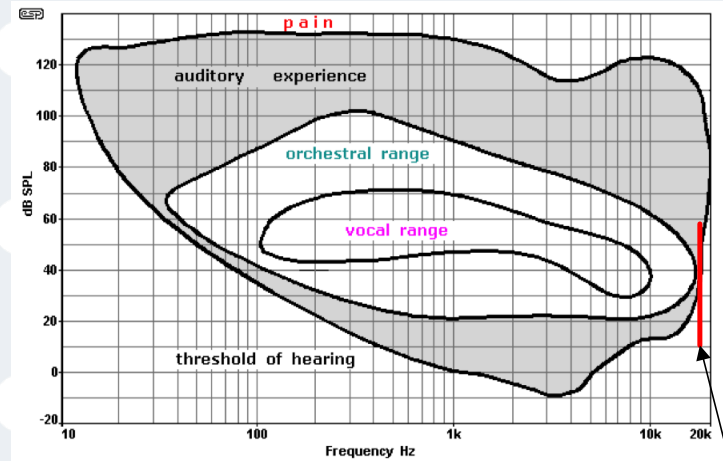


State of the art

- Using sounds in medicine is applied in many fields on direct way, as listening to respiratory and heart sounds, gastro auscultation, ultrasound, for COVID-19 detection etc.

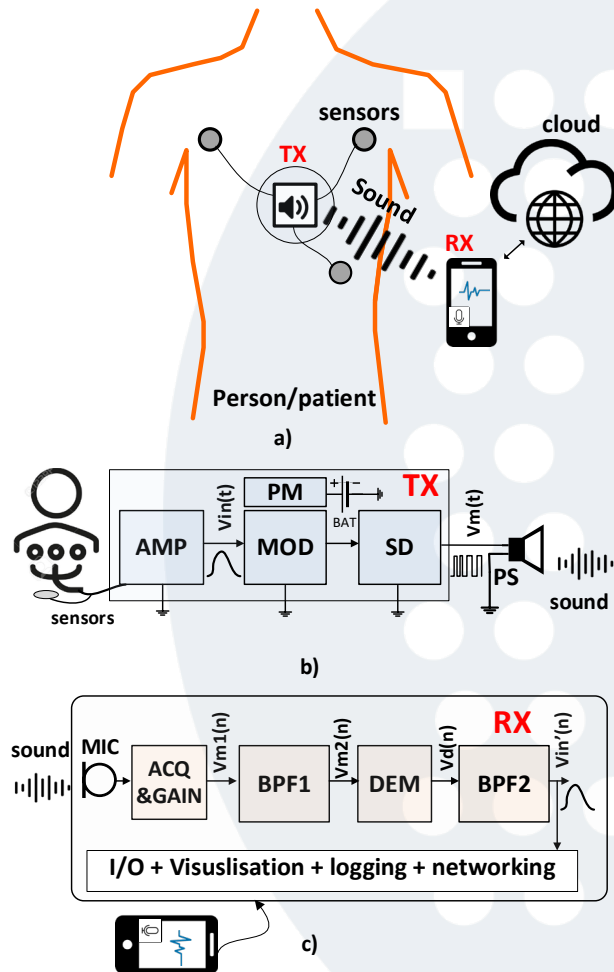


Methodology/Solution/PoC

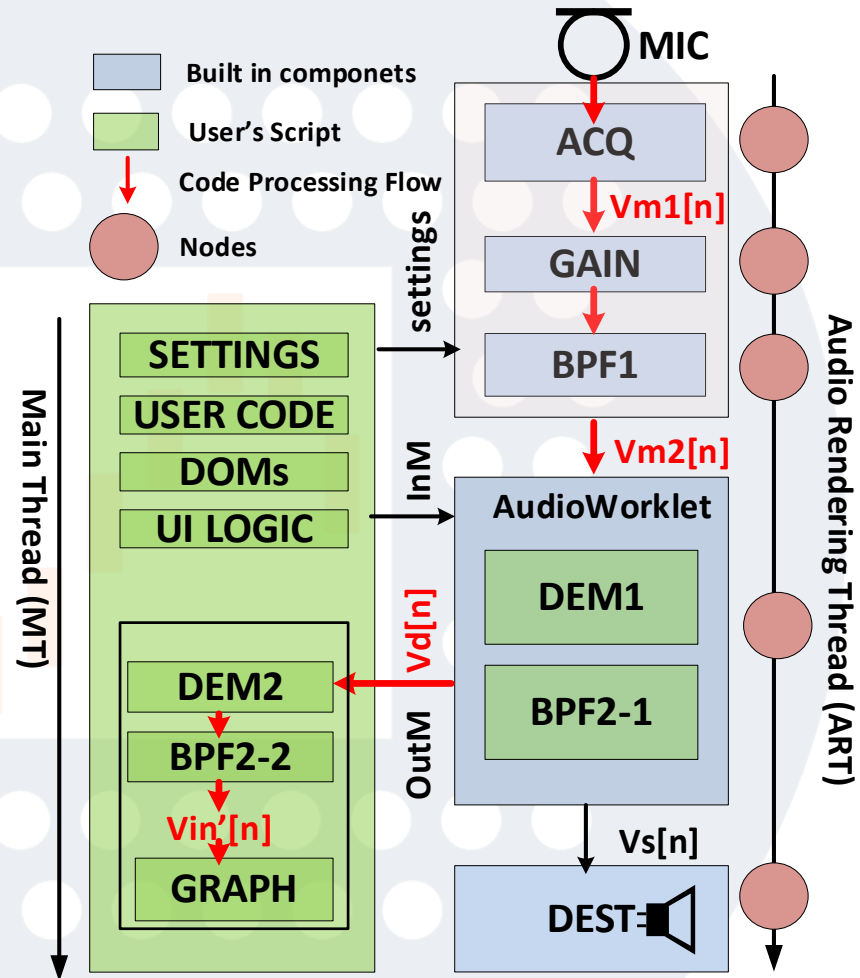


Selection of the working conditions

PoC

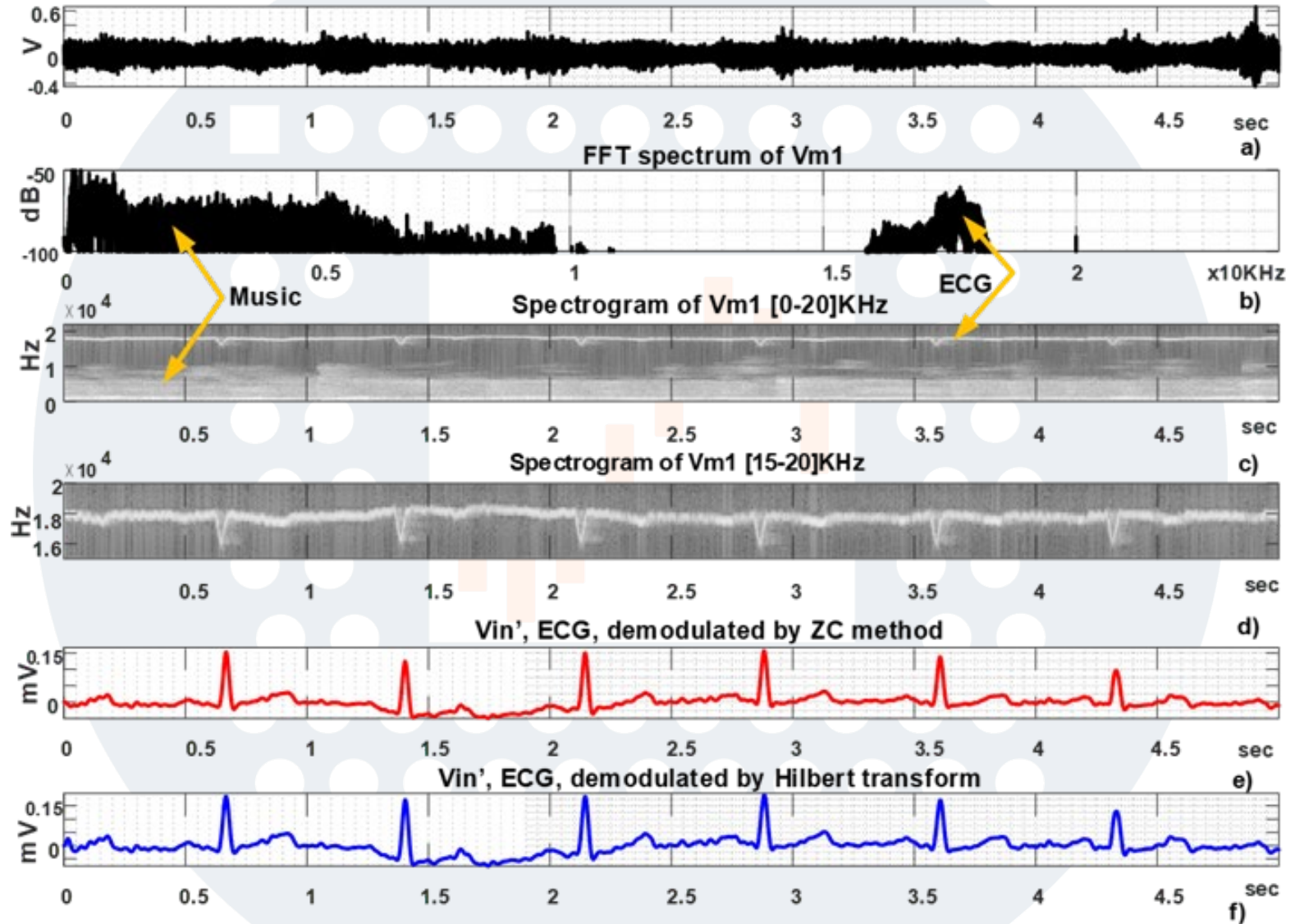


Architecture of HealthTalk a) Global b) Electronics



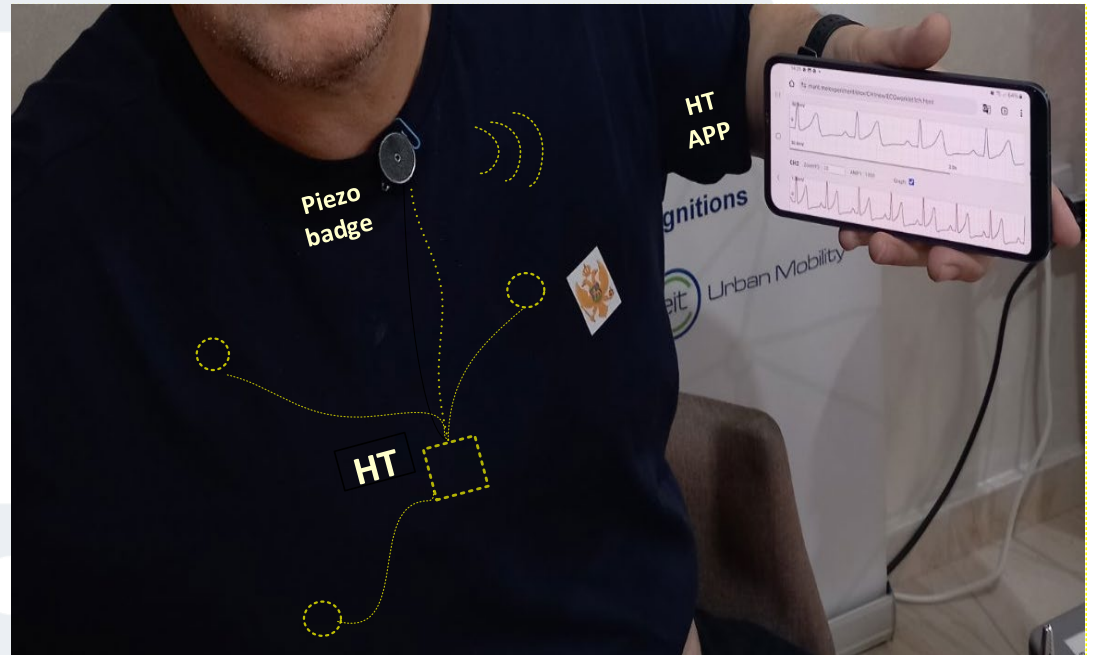
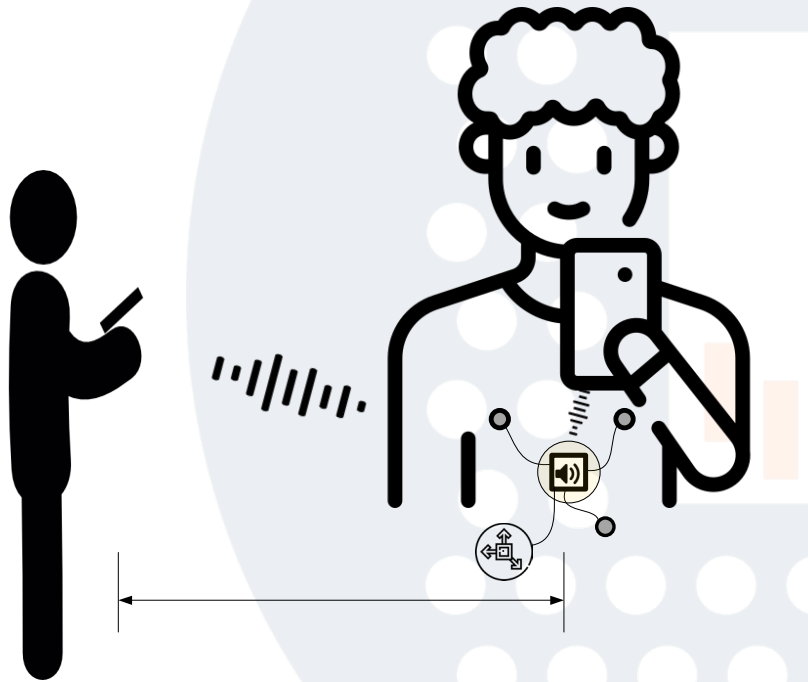
Software decoding architecture (JavaScript+HTML+CSS+AudioAPI)

PoC



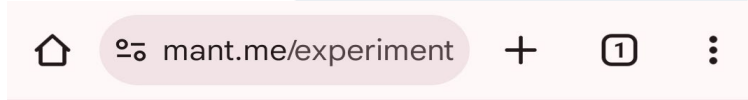
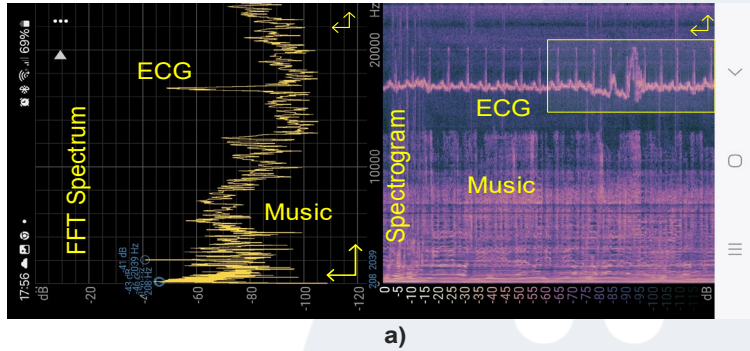
Signal processing steps on RX side, time (a), frequency (b), time-frequency (c,d) domains and demodulation by ZC and Hilbert

Testing results



Testing scenario a), system demo b)

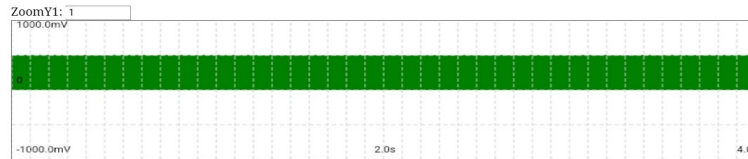
Testing results



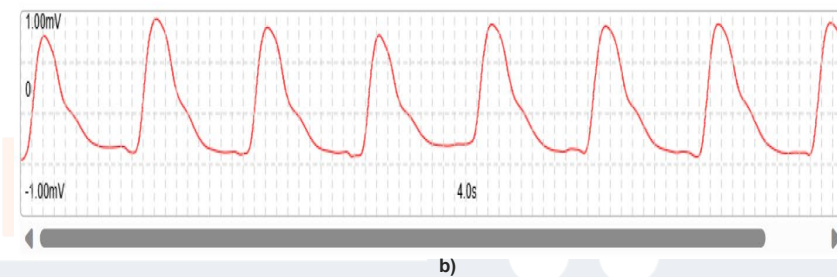
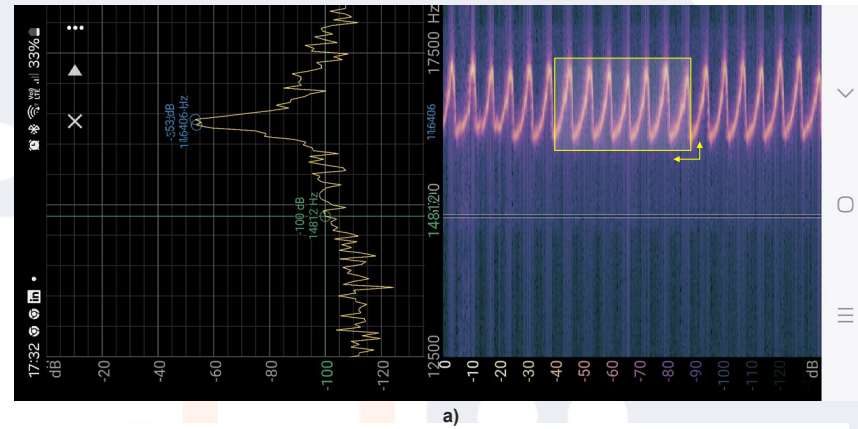
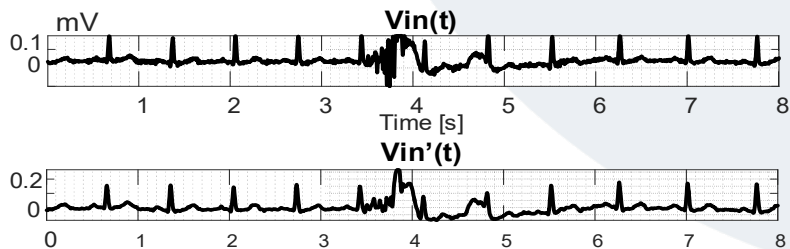
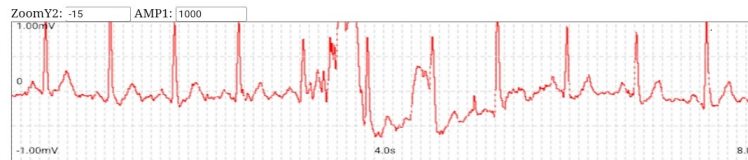
Mic → Gain → In Filter → Yfm(t) → Worklet → Out Filter → Ydem(t)

INIT [] Save as CSV
Sampling Frequency: 48 kHz
→ Gain 1 → In Filter f1h[Hz]: 15000 f1l[Hz]: 20000 → Out Filter f2h[Hz]: 0.1 f2l[Hz]: 35 [DE-2] 4103.0
Press [] Connected! 1500

Yfm(t)



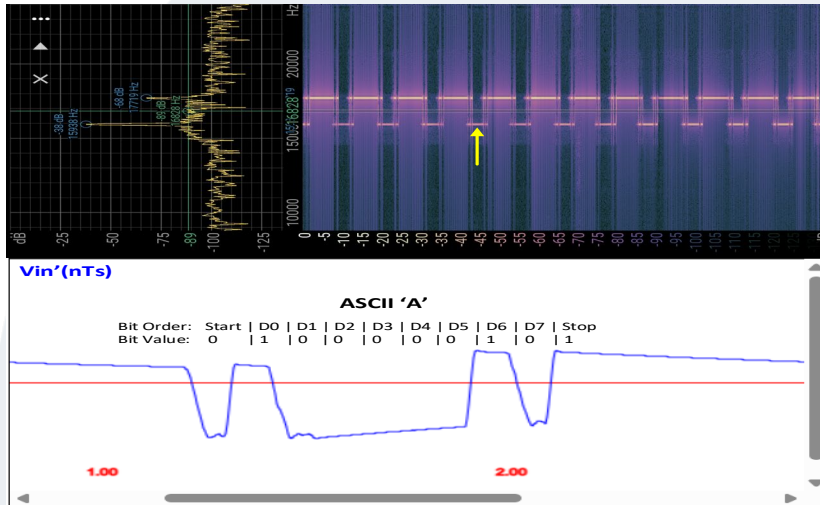
CH1



Time, frequency and time-frequency domains are considered, left ECG case, right PPG

- FFT and STFT spectrums,
- demodulated signal by HT APP,
- up original ECG signal on the input of transmitter,
- down reconstructed ECG signal on the output of receiver.

Testing results



Medical Digital Data over Sound

Consumption

BAT Voltage/ Power consumption in mW	VCO 4046 based modulator	ATMEGA328 based modulator
9V, 3.3 Vpp on piezo speaker	15.5 mW	34 mW
9V, 5 Vpp on piezo speaker	20 mW	70 mW
9V, about 9 Vpp on piezo speaker	35 mW	90 mW

Conclusion

- **MDoS** suppress the gaps in **Edge IoT** where traditional wireless tech is impractical, costly, or restricted.
- **Advantages:**
 - ultra-low consumption, enhanced comfort, passive transmission, short-range, hard-to-hack, transmit analog and digital data with the same tool, good for sensitive environments like ICUs, MRI rooms, Cars, Airplane, by default compatibility, zero setting, works in RF-restricted areas as water, underground facilities, eco friendly, no health risk
- **Disadvantages:**
 - lower bandwidth than BLE/Zigbee (limited data rates), limited channels, shorter range, in audio range sensitivity to ambient noise (not case for ultrasonic), line-of-sight or controlled environment often needed for reliable transmission.

Demo links

- Demo off-line
- Demo on-line
- Demo Internet (only for android)



ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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Thank you, Q&A?

